Gedney Hill C of E Primary School KS1 Knowledge Organiser- Summer Term 2021

The Great Fire of London

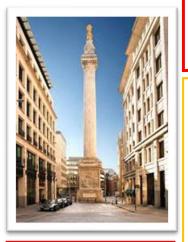
and the fire gets

very close to the

Tower of London.



Samuel Pepys 1633- 1703



The Monument was built between 1671- 1677 In **1666**, a fire started at **Thomas Farriner's** bakery on **Pudding Lane.** He thought he had put the fire out but overnight the fire spread very quickly throughout London. The fire continued for four long days. Unfortunately, the houses were mostly made from wood which burnt easily and the streets were narrow and close together, which meant the fire leapt from house to house. Many buildings were lost in the fire including St. Pauls Cathedral.

We know what life was like during the fire because of a man called **Samuel Pepys**. He wrote a diary telling of the devastation caused by the fire.

Sir Christopher Wren was given the task of rebuilding London. He decided to use stone instead of wood and designed wider streets to ensure that this disaster would not happen again.

Samuel Pepys

begins to write

his diary.

Houses are pulled

down to try to

stop the fire from

spreading.

Sunday 2nd

September 1666

The fire starts at

Thomas

Farriner's Bakery

on Pudding Lane.

Key Vocabulary:	
Thomas Farriner	A baker from the 17 th century who started the fire.
Samuel Pepys	He wrote a diary of the key events during the fire.
Pudding Lane	The street where the fire started.
Fire hook	The tool used to pull down houses and make a fire break.
The Monument	A large column built to commemorate the Great Fire.
Sir Christopher Wren	An architect who designed the re-built of London.



. Pauls hedral is to slow down which helps the fire. fire to stop spreading. The fire is finall under control. 6 people lost their lives.